



Roy BONHAM

Regimental No.	1306
Place of birth	Paddington, Sydney, New South Wales
School	Monbulk State School, Victoria
Religion	Church of England
Occupation	Carpenter
Address	c/o Miss V Lennie, 712 Malvern Road, Armadale, Victoria
Marital status	Single
Age at embarkation	28 years 9 months
Height	5' 9.5"
Weight	175 lbs
Next of kin	Father, R.C. Bonham, c/o Mr E Crespin, Leongatha, Victoria
Previous military service	Nil
Enlistment date	10 November 1914
Place of enlistment	Melbourne, Victoria
Rank on enlistment	Private
Unit name	7th Battalion, 2nd Reinforcement
AWM Embarkation Roll No.	23/24/2
Embarkation details	Unit embarked from Melbourne, Victoria, on board HMAT A46 <i>Clan McGillivray</i> on 2 February 1915
Rank from Nominal Roll	Private
Unit from Nominal Roll	7th Battalion
1914 10th November - 3rd January 1915	Depot with 7th Battalion.
1915 5th April	Embarked Alexandria to join the Mediterranean Expeditionary Force (Gallipoli Campaign)
1915 25th April --- 2nd May	Killed in Action at the landing of the 7th Battalion on Gallipoli.
Fate	Killed in Action Place of death or wounding - Gallipoli, Turkey Date of death Between 25th April 1915 and 2nd May 1915. Aged 27 No known grave
Other details	War service: Egypt, Gallipoli Name inscribed on memorial to missing at Lone Pine. Medals: 1914-15 Star, British War Medal, Victory Medal Born 1887 to Jessie Marie and Reginald Malcolm Charles Bonham (Reginald and Jessie Bonham farmer at Monbulk - 1903 Australian Electrol Roll) Described as 5 ft., 9 1/2 in., 12 stone 7 lb., grey eyes and brown hair.
Other details from Roll of Honour Circular	Name given on Roll of Honour circular as Harold Roy Clyde Bonham. Grandson of Admiral C.W. Bonham Royal Navy; nephew of Commander T.P. Bonham, RN, who went down with his ship, HMS ' <i>Black Prince</i> ', at the Battle of Jutland, 1916.

Commemoration details

The Lone Pine Memorial (Panel 28), Gallipoli, Turkey

The Lone Pine Memorial, situated in the Lone Pine Cemetery at Anzac, is the main Australian Memorial on Gallipoli, and one of four memorials to men of the New Zealand Expeditionary Force. Designed by Sir John Burnet, the principal architect of the Gallipoli cemeteries, it is a thick tapering pylon 14.3 metres high on a square base 12.98 metres wide. It is constructed from limestone mined at Ilgardere in Turkey.

The Memorial commemorates the 3268 Australians and 456 New Zealanders who have no known grave and the 960 Australians and 252 New Zealanders who were buried at sea after evacuation through wounds or disease. The names of New Zealanders commemorated are inscribed on stone panels mounted on the south and north sides of the pylon, while those of the Australians are listed on a long wall of panels in front of the pylon and to either side. Names are arranged by unit and rank.

The Memorial stands over the centre of the Turkish trenches and tunnels which were the scene of heavy fighting during the August offensive. Most cemeteries on Gallipoli contain relatively few marked graves, and the majority of Australians killed on Gallipoli are commemorated here.

Panel No., Roll of Honour, Australian War Memorial 49